



# **Planning mitigation in Off-Shore Wind Farm establishment Impacts on biological resources and fisheries in the Adriatic Sea environmental context**

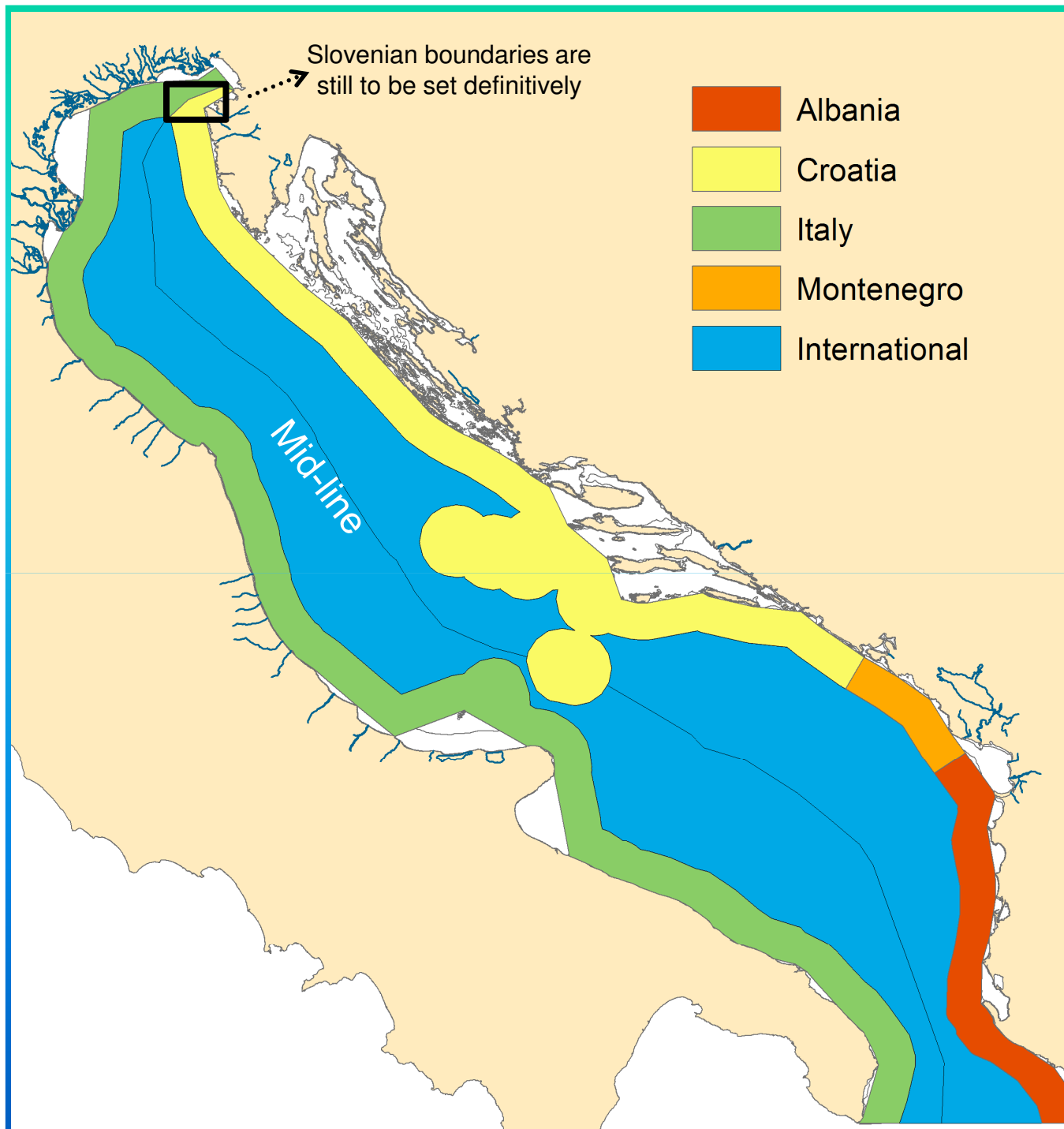
**O. Giovanardi, G. Franceschini, R. Gramolini, M. Romanelli, T. Russo, L. Sabatini**

Smart Energy Expo  
Verona, 11th October 2013

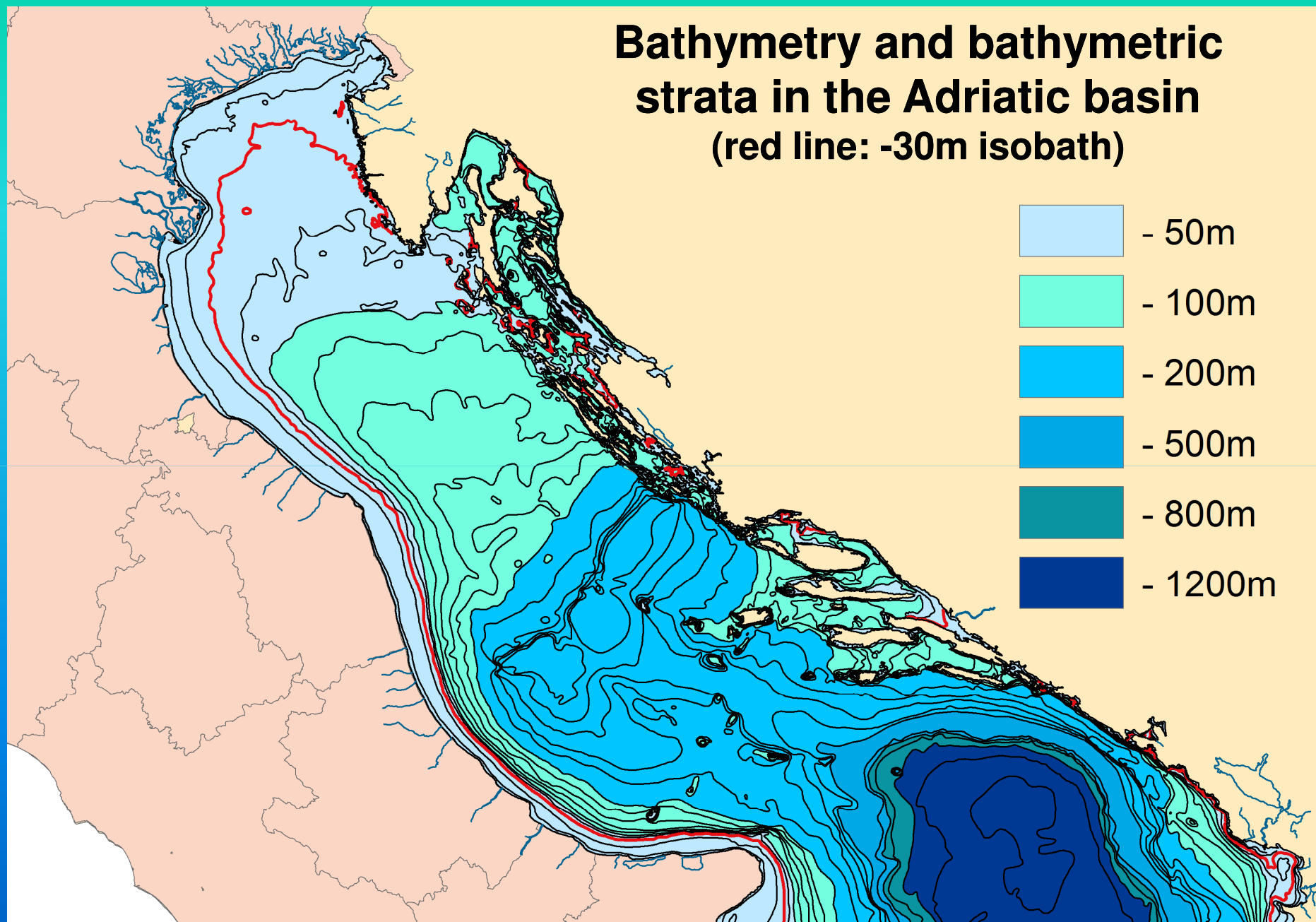
# Main topics

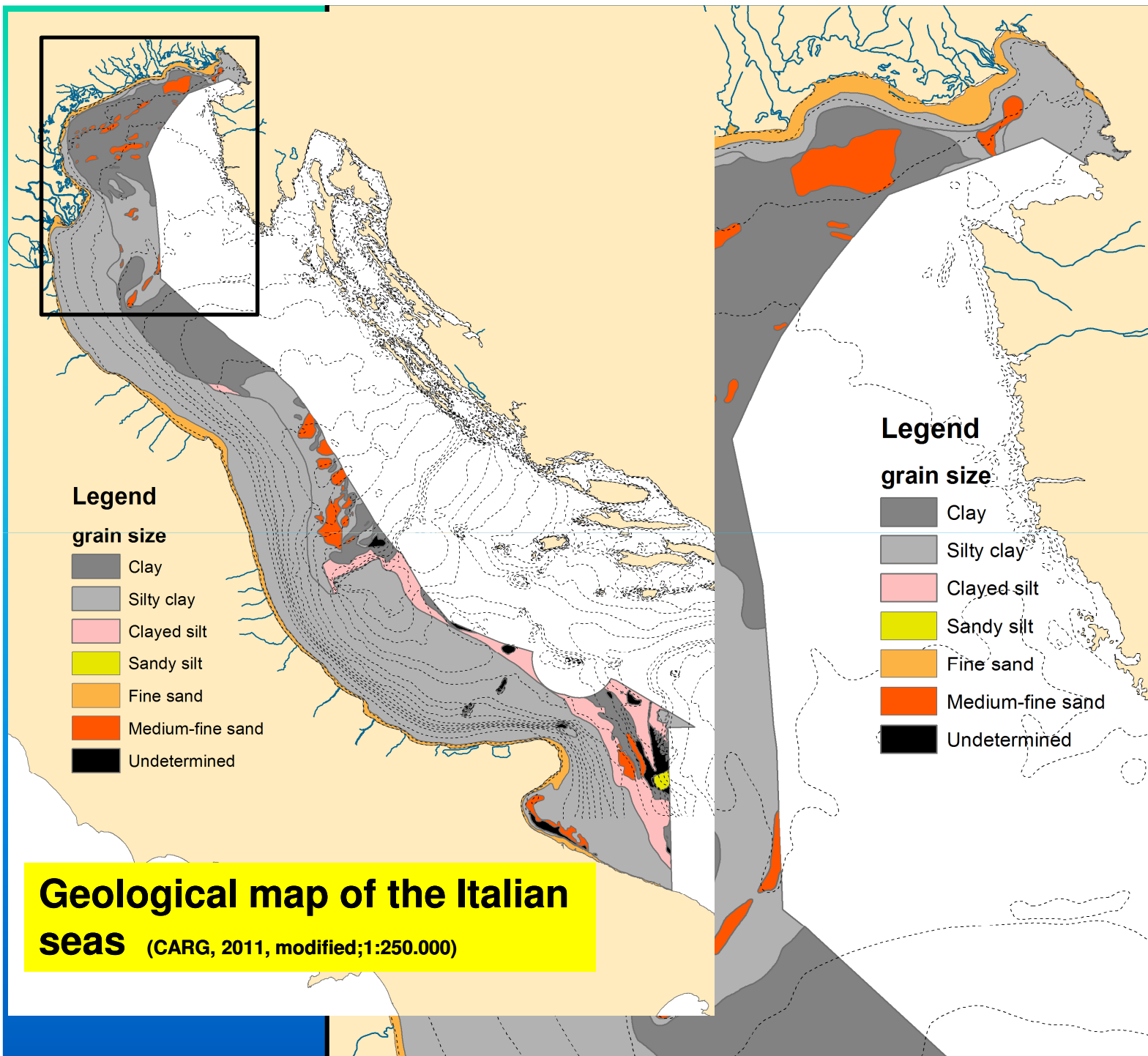
- 1) Short **description** of the environmental features of the basin
- 2) OWF impact assessment on **commercial biological resources** and professional **fishery** in the Adriatic context
- 3) OWF as **Artificial Habitat** in Adriatic

# Adriatic states water boundaries



## Bathymetry and bathymetric strata in the Adriatic basin (red line: -30m isobath)

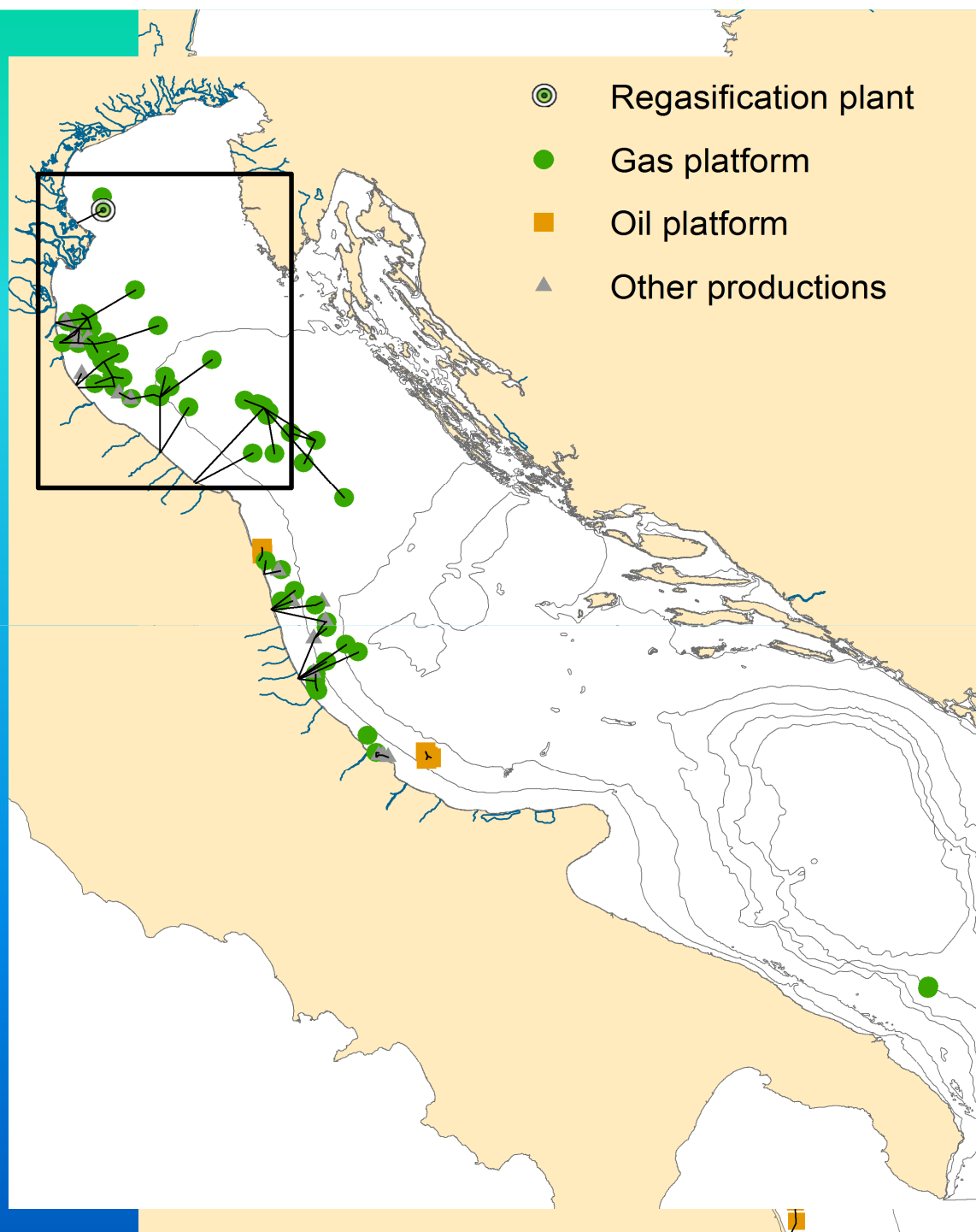


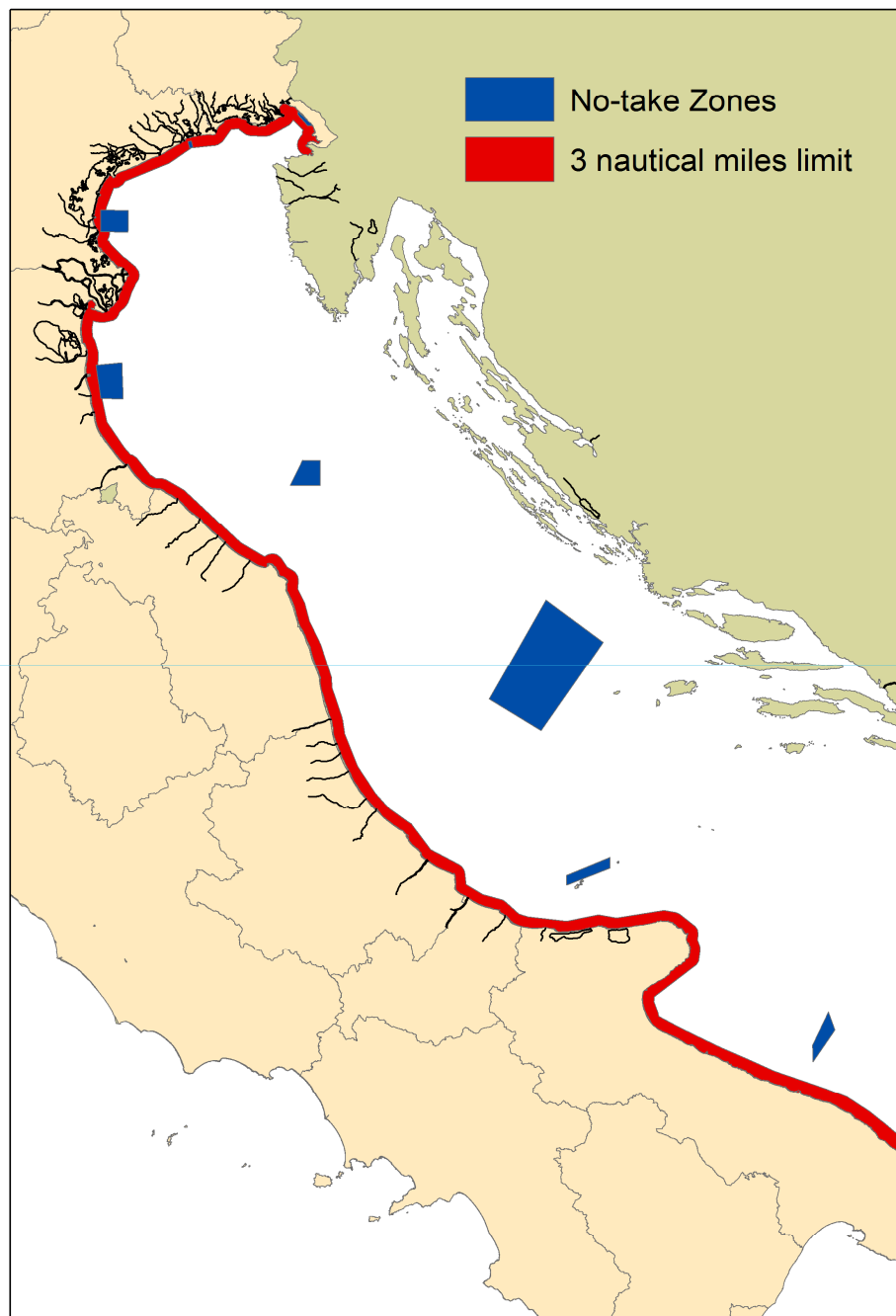


## Geological map of the Italian seas

(CARG, 2011, modified; 1:250.000)

# Italian offshore platforms





**Miramare**

**Porto Falconera - Caorle**

**Tenue**

**Off Ravenna**

**Barbare**

**Pomo – Jabuka Pit**

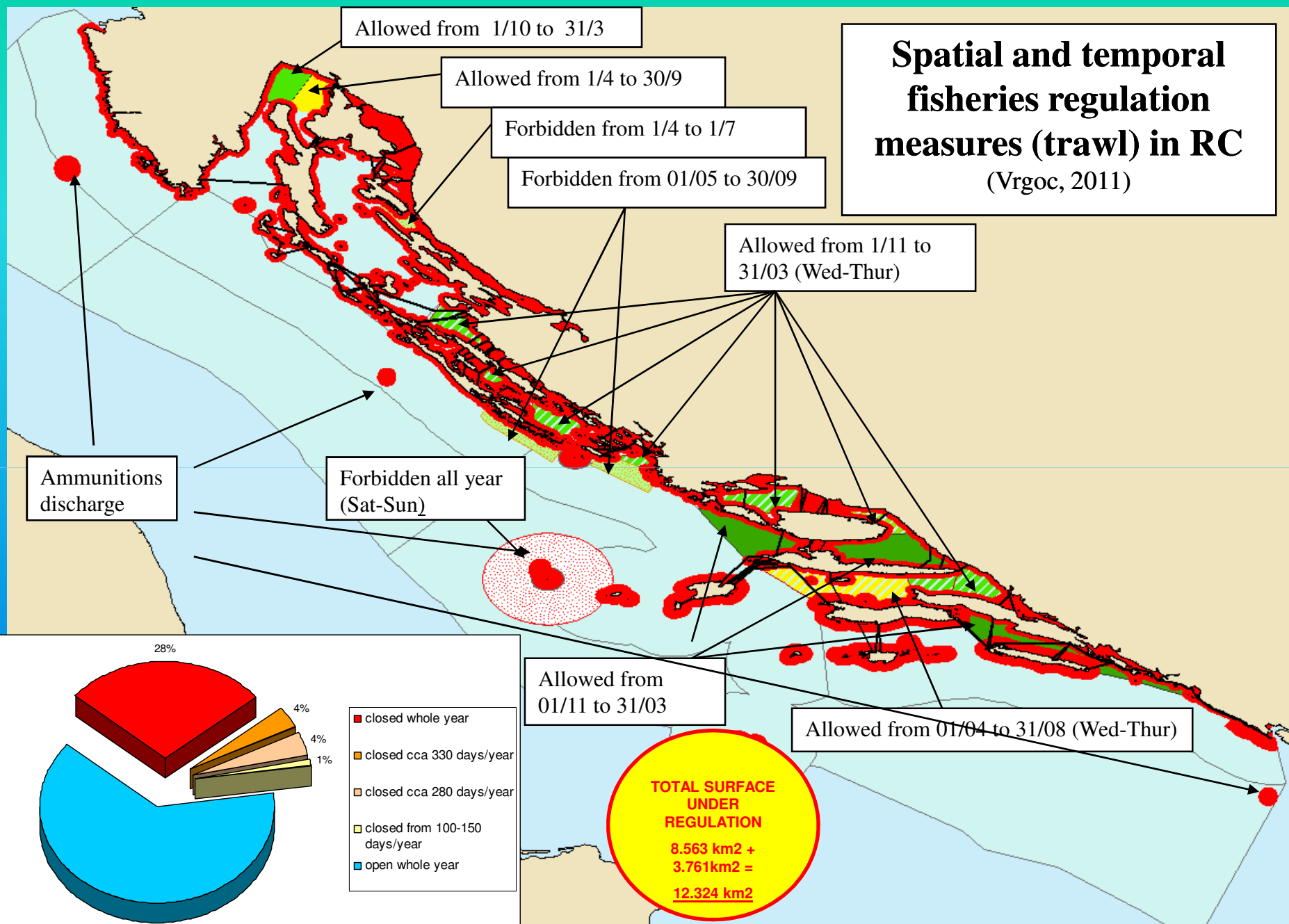
**Tremiti**

**Off the Apulia coasts**

## **Italian No-Take Areas (trawling)**

Late summer temporal  
trawling ban (30-45 days)

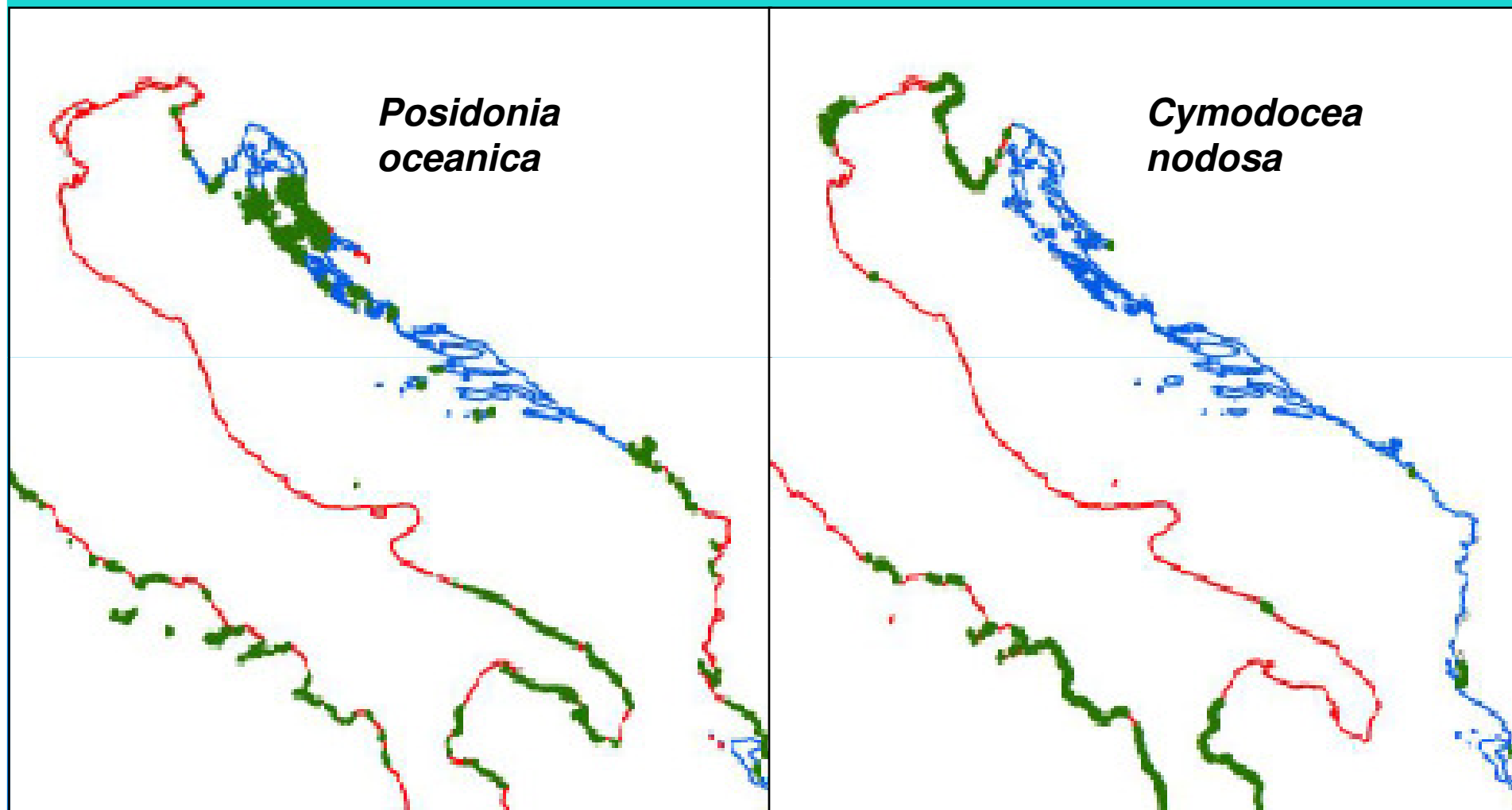
# Spatial and temporal fisheries regulation measures (trawl) in RC (Vrgoc, 2011)





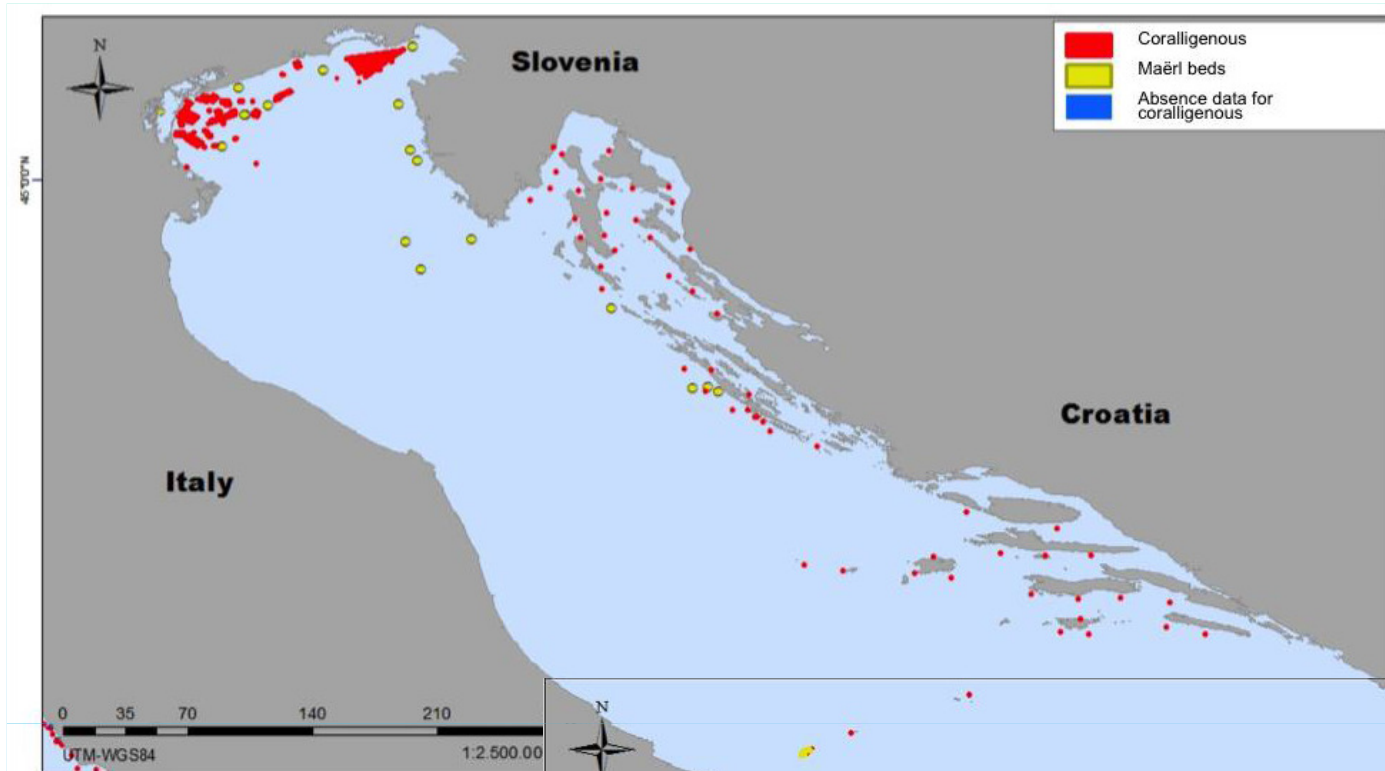
# Sensitive habitats

## Seagrass meadows distribution

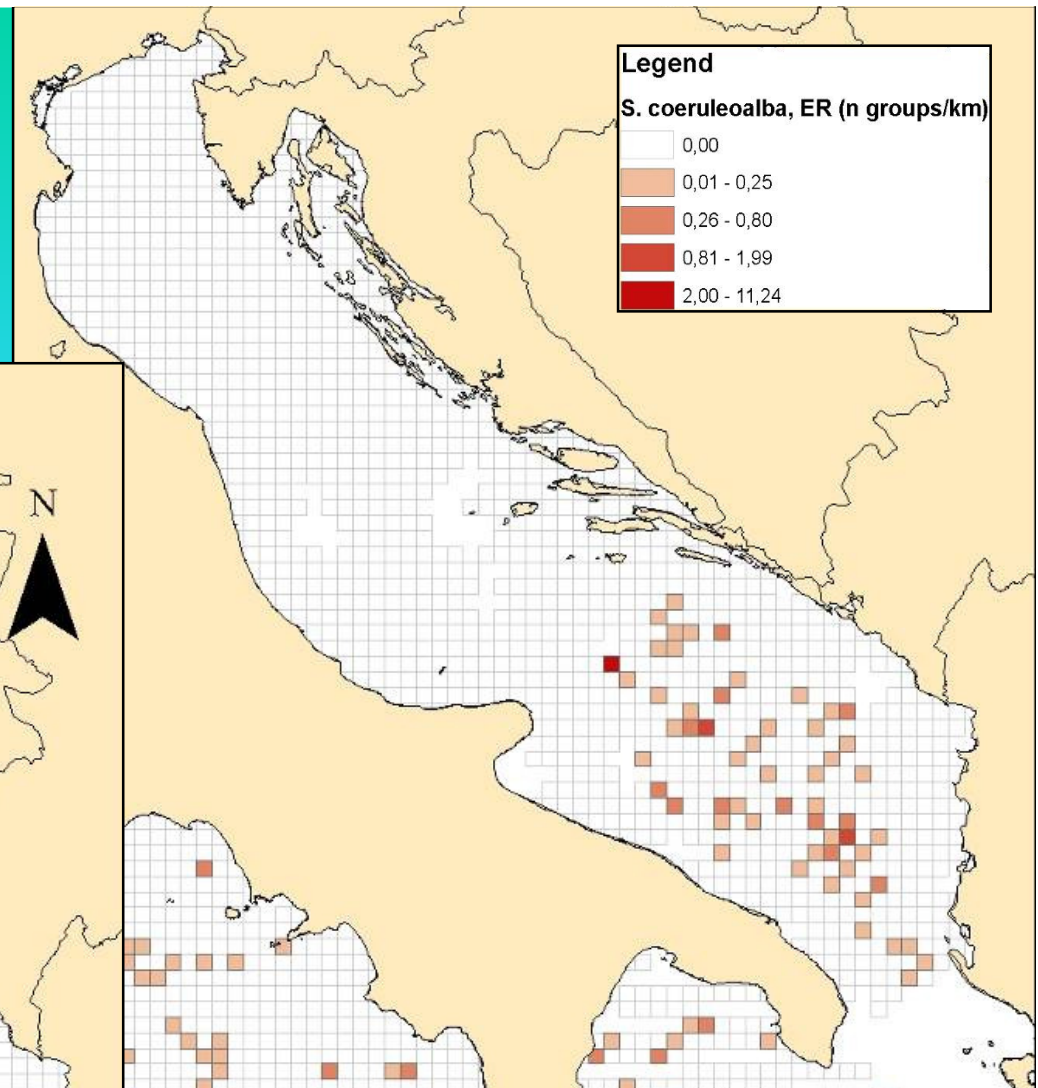
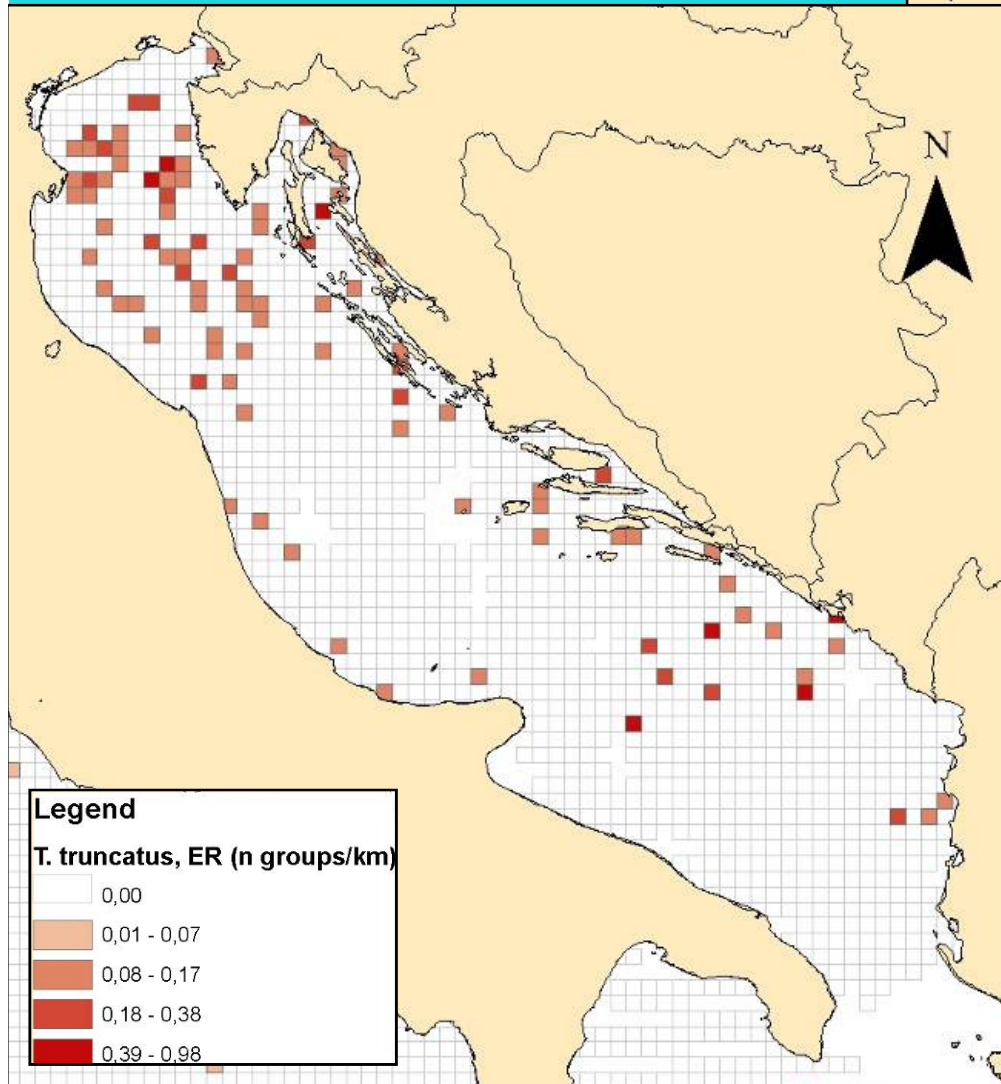


■ Presence ■ Absence ■ No data

# Coralligenous and mäerl beds

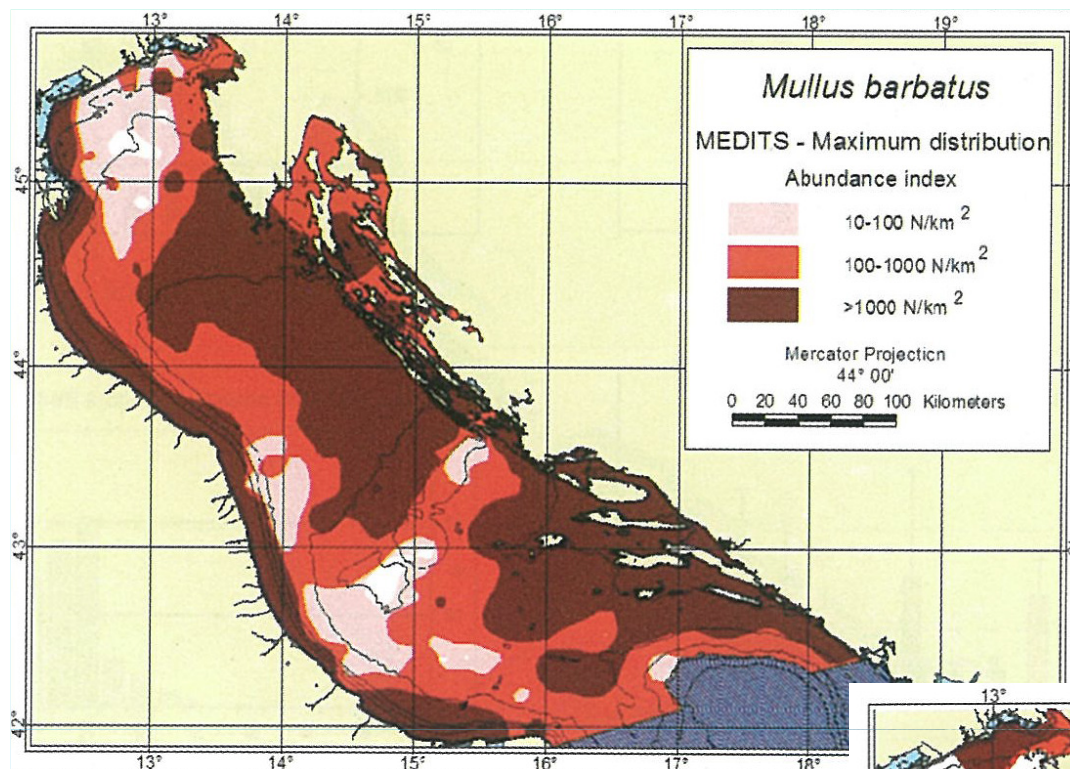


# Distribution of Common bottlenose dolphin (*Tursiops truncatus*)



and Striped dolphin  
(*Stenella coeruleoalba*)  
(from MSFD, 2013)

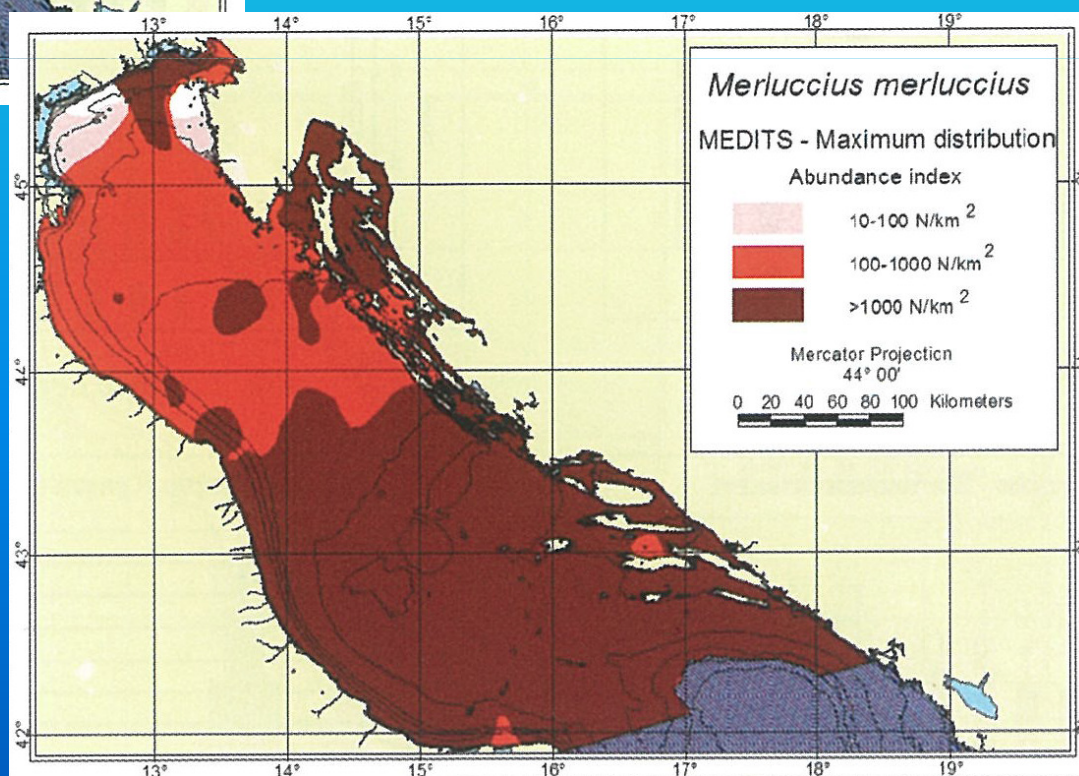


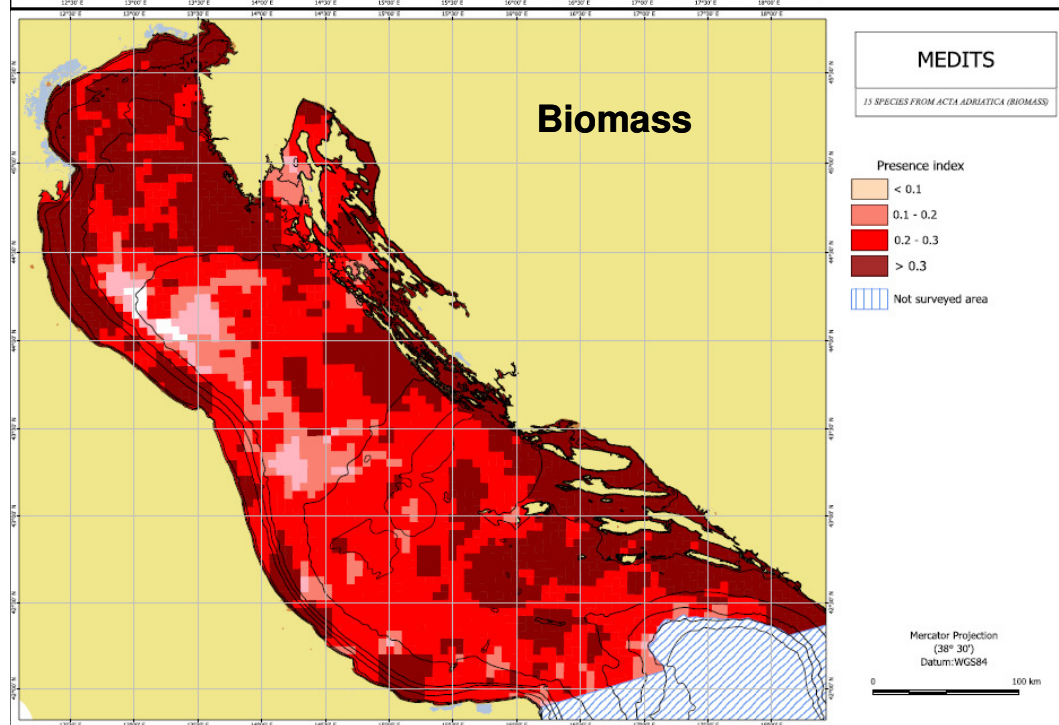
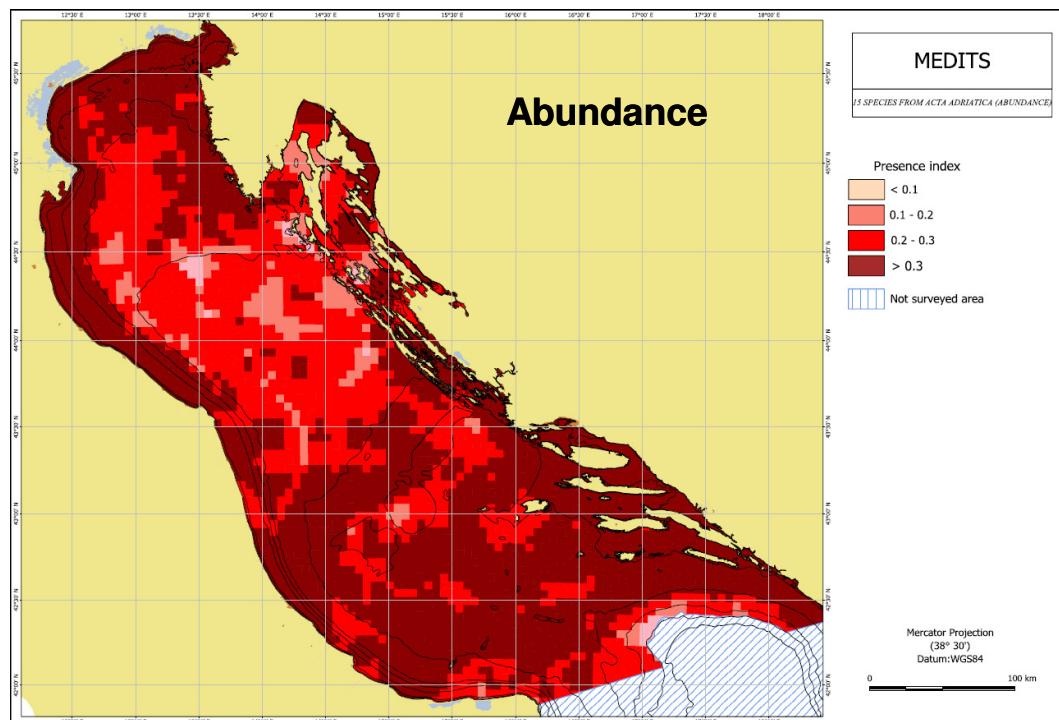


## Distribution of Red mullet (*Mullus barbatus*);

( modified from Piccinetti et al., 2012)

and European hake  
(*Merluccius merluccius*)



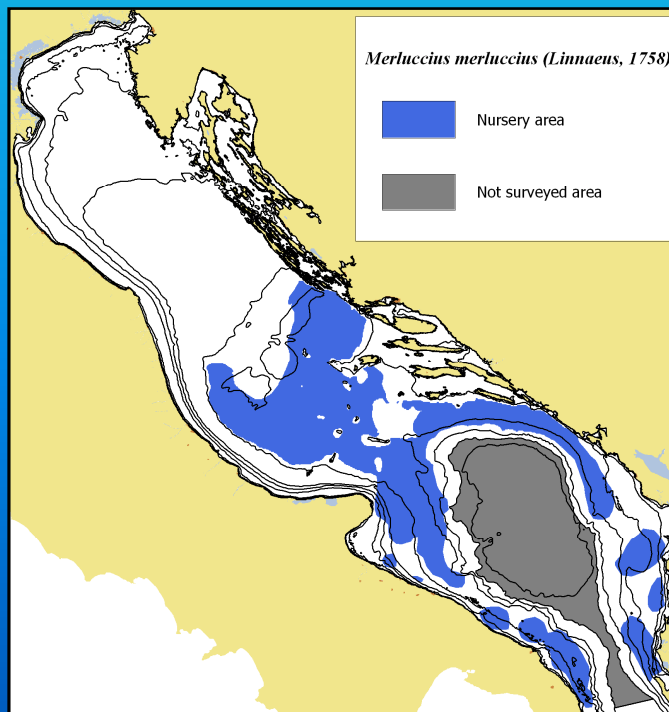
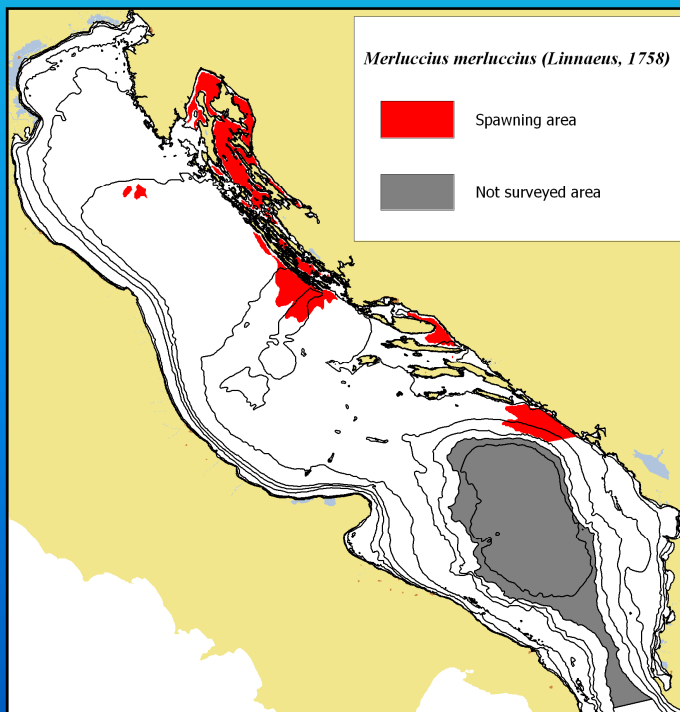
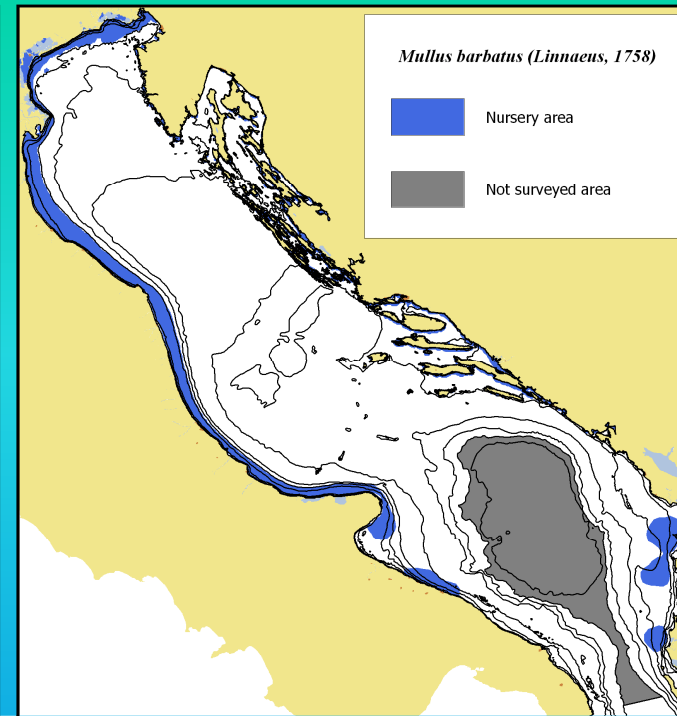
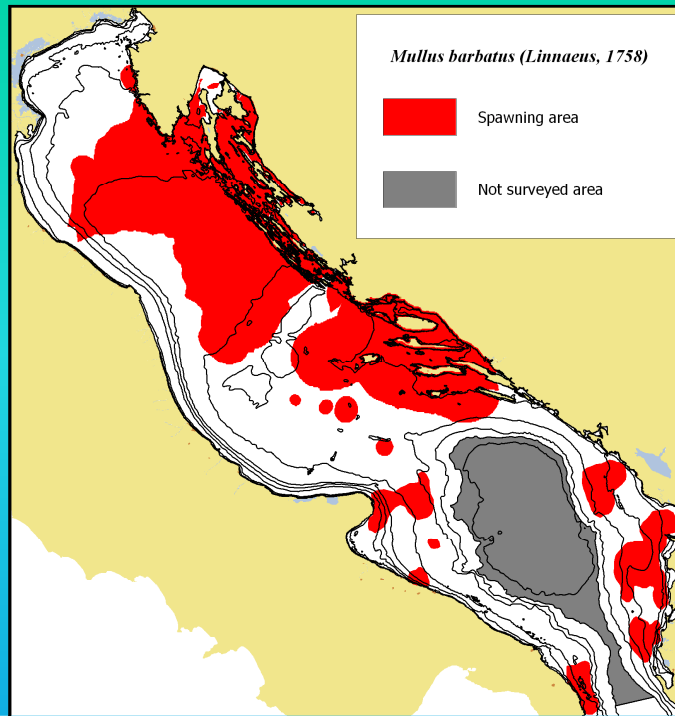


# Presence index of main demersal species

Species
<i>Eledone cirrhosa</i>
<i>Eledone moschata</i>
<i>Merlangius merlangus</i>
<i>Illex coindettii</i>
<i>Loligo vulgaris</i>
<i>Lophius budegassa</i>
<i>Merluccius merluccius</i>
<i>Mullus barbatus</i>
<i>Nephrops norvegicus</i>
<i>Pagellus erythrinus</i>
<i>Scylliorhinus canicula</i>
<i>Sepia officinalis</i>
<i>Squilla mantis</i>
<i>Trisopterus minutus</i>
<i>Zeus faber</i>

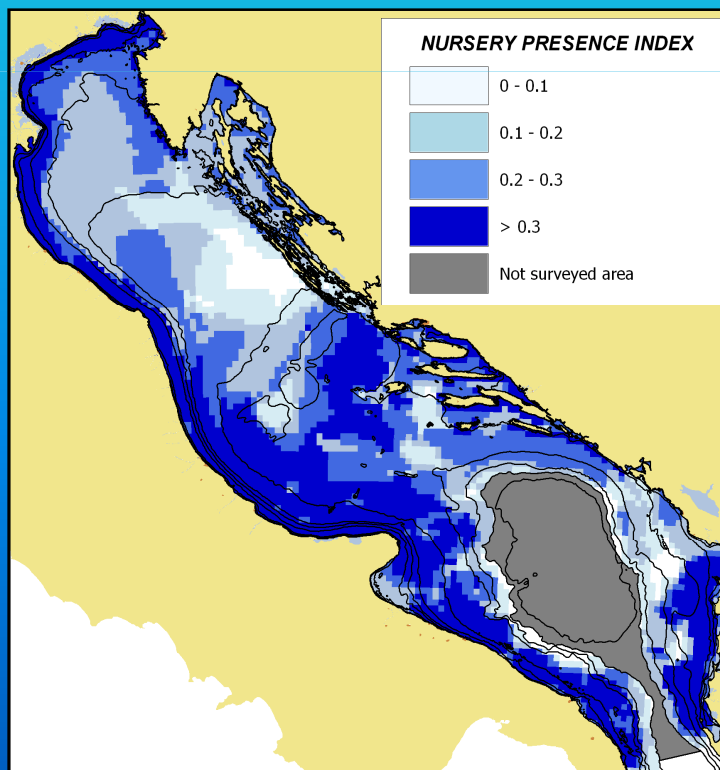
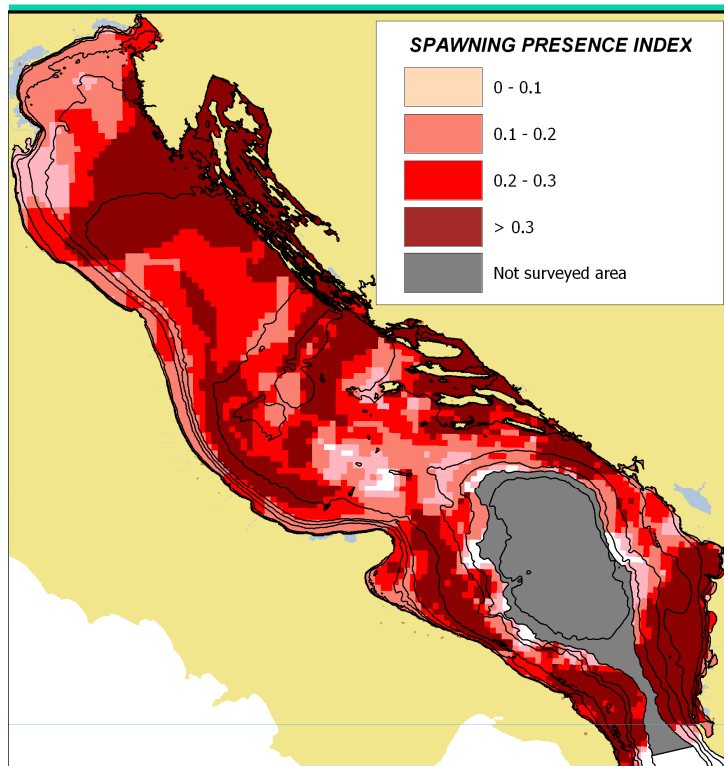


# Spawning



and nursery  
areas

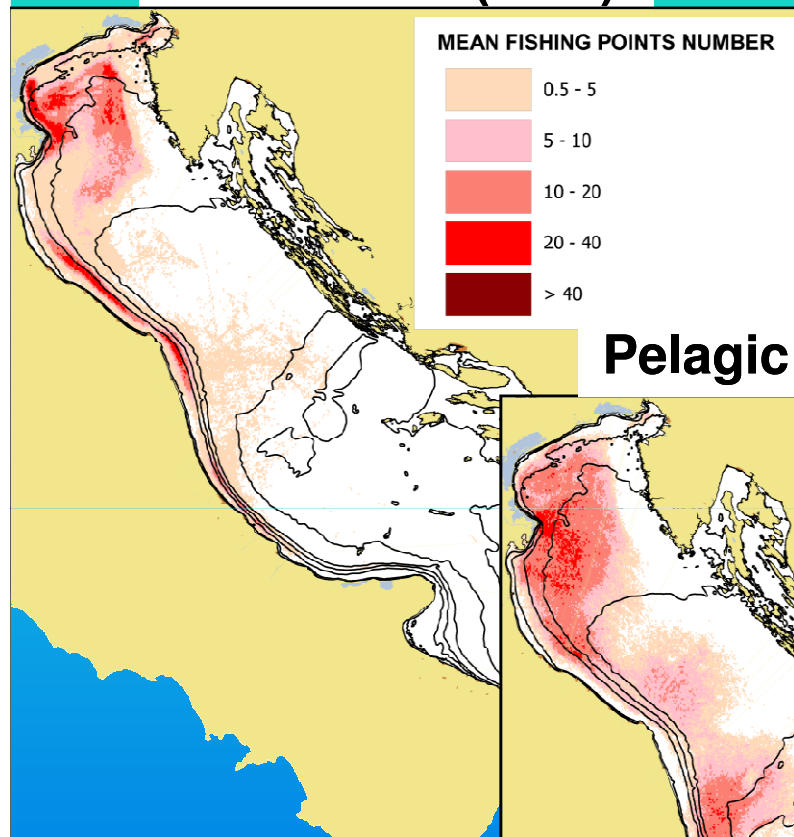
# Spawning and nursery presence index of 13 species (demersal and small pelagics)



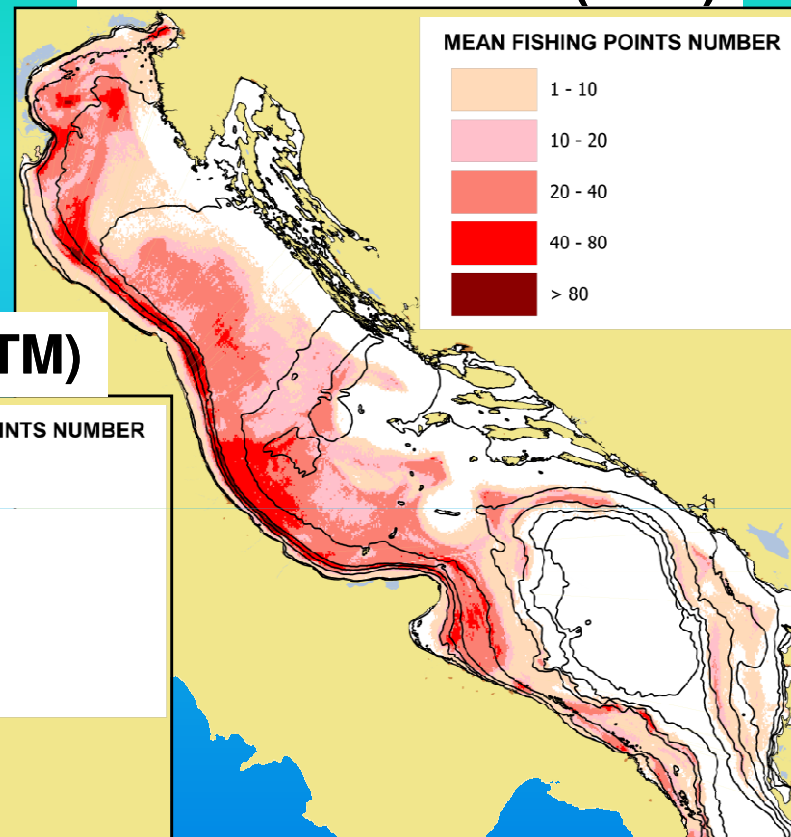
Species
<i>Aristaeomorpha foliacea</i>
<i>Aristeus antennatus</i>
<i>Eledone cirrhosa</i>
<i>Engraulis encrasicolus</i>
<i>Galeus melastomus</i>
<i>Illex coindettii</i>
<i>Merluccius merluccius</i>
<i>Mullus barbatus</i>
<i>Nephrops norvegicus</i>
<i>Pagellus erythrinus</i>
<i>Parapenaeus longirostris</i>
<i>Sardina pilchardus</i>
<i>Solea solea</i>

# Italian trawl fishing effort distribution (multi-annual average)

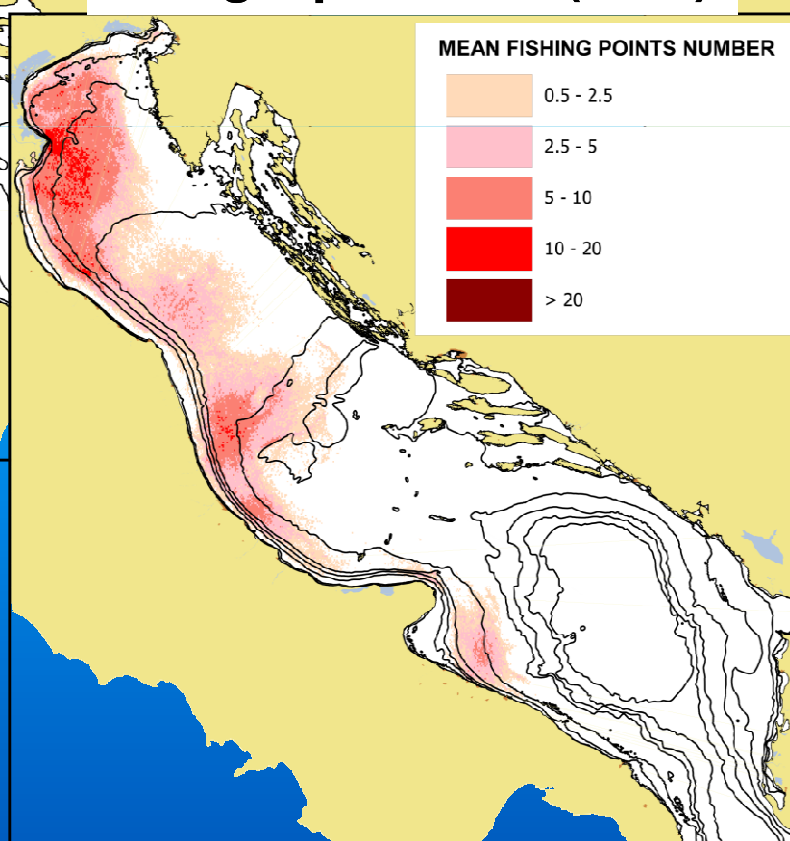
## Beam trawl (TBB)



## Bottom otter trawl (OTB)



## Pelagic pair trawl (PTM)





## What is GRID?

- ❑ **GRID** (GeoReference Interactions Database) is a web-based flexible database and tool to analyse interactions (conflicts and synergies) in marine coastal areas
- ❑ It represents an additional Deliverable (D3.9) of **COEXIST UE** funded project
- ❑ It was developed to have :
  - A tool flexible enough to be used in different Case Studies;
  - an intuitive Graphic Interface to be also used by people without specific knowledge in database and GIS software;
  - to allow data sharing between stakeholders;
  - to model different situations such as the present one and/or future scenarios in a very easy way;
  - to improve transparency in decision making process.

GRID was developed by CNR-ISMAR in Ancona with the support of Thünen Institute of Sea Fisheries, Hambourg

## What does the GRID application do?

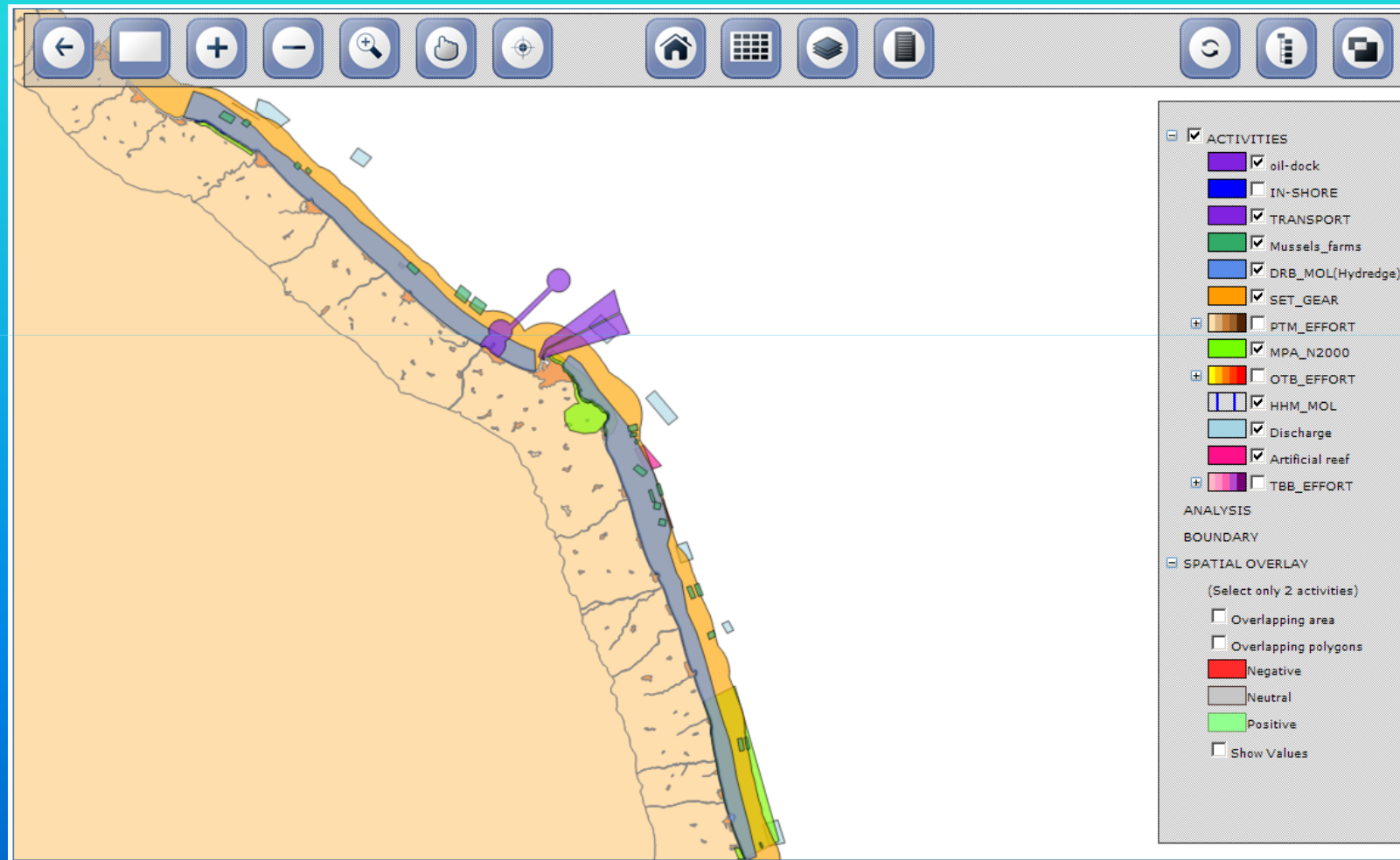
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Version GRID 1.2 allows to perform the following analyses considering different possible scenarios:

- calculation of conflict scores;
- generation of Matrices of interactions;
- plot of maps;
- evaluation of spatial interactions existing in a marine coastal area;
- calculation of asymmetric spatial overlaps;
- calculation of stress levels.

# Marche Region Case study

## In-shore activities



# Marche Region Case study

## Off-shore activities

